



Roman Britannia

## **Key Vocabulary**

**empire** – a type of political unit. Throughout history countries have wanted to control lands beyond their borders. Such a country and the lands it controls are called an empire.

Emperor - a male who rules an empire military – the group or groups of people that are given power to defend something (mostly a country). A military force is also used to attack. Hadrian's Wall – built to mark the boundaries of the Roman Empire and

**Boudica** – a Celtic queen who is famous for rising up against the Roman occupation in AD60 or 61

to keep the Scots out.

aqueduct - a manmade channel
used for delivering water to Roman
towns

**sewer** - a set of pipes and drains to remove waste water and other waste materials.

**amphitheatre** – a large, circular or oval open-air venue with raised seating used for events

**Londinium** – the Romans founded Londinium (the Roman name for London) in 50 AD

## The Romans in Britain Timeline

The Stone Age to Iron Age period came to an end when the Romans invaded Britain.

55 BC	Julius Caesar attempted to invade Britain for the first time, but later withdraws
44 BC	Julius Caesar is murdered in Rome
43 AD	Romans invade Britain and it becomes part of the Roman Empire
50 AD	London is founded
61 AD	Boudica leads the Iceni in revolt against the Romans
70 AD	The Romans conquer Wales and the North
76 AD	The Emperor Hadrian is born
80 AD	The Colosseum of Rome is built
122-128 AD	Emperor Hadrian builds a wall on the Scottish border
306 AD	Constantine the Great declared Emperor at York
401 – 410 AD	The Romans withdraw from Britain: Anglo-Saxon migrants begin to settle